Best Management Practices for the Disposal of Biomedical/Pathological Wastes in Ontario

1. Human tissue waste generation is normally limited to oral surgeons and periodontists, for example, in the course of a harvesting of human tissue for treatment. In this context, all human tissue wastes are required to be treated as biomedical/pathological wastes.

2. Teeth, gauze with minimal traces of blood (i.e., does not release blood if compressed), gloves with minimal traces of blood and saliva soaked materials are not biomedical wastes.